

Youth Livestock Project Country of Origin Labeling (COOL) Regulations Information



What is Country of Origin Labeling (COOL)?

This newly mandated law requires all fresh meat retailers to ensure that country of origin information is provided for covered commodities (ground and whole muscle cuts of beef, lamb, pork, poultry and goats). Packers and processors that supply covered commodities to their retailers must provide COOL information.

4-H'ers are not directly regulated by COOL, but because covered commodities are required to be country-of-origin labeled, definitive origin information must be provided to slaughter facilities.

What 4-H Youth Need To Do:

A simple affidavit ("COOL Youth Livestock Affidavit") has been developed that can work for all species of livestock (e.g., beef, sheep, swine, poultry, goat). The "COOL Livestock Affidavit" (4HYD417) is located at www.douglas.ksu.edu. Included with the affidavit are an explanation of the steps that need to be taken and example documents that can be used for an audit trail.

4-H youth who raise their own livestock for their projects need to fill out this affidavit and keep it on file for a minimum of two years. In the case of an audit, the youth can provide authorities with this affidavit, along with other documents (i.e., health papers, sales receipts, feeding records, or other similar documents) that are listed below.

4-H youth who purchase their livestock from others **MUST** have the producer fill out the affidavit. The producer will then give the affidavit back to the youth, and the youth should keep the affidavit on file for a minimum of two years. Example: A 4-H'er goes to buy a steer from a producer. The 4-H'er gives the affidavit to the producer (the seller) to fill out and sign. The producer fills out the affidavit. The producer gives the completed affidavit back to the 4-H'er.

Examples of documents to maintain for at least two years as an audit trail.

Buyers of Livestock	Original Producers of Livestock
<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Signed affidavit from seller of livestock▪ Bill of Sale▪ Health Papers▪ Brand Inspection▪ Supporting Documents Identified by USDA	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Birth records (calving book, PigChamp, Pig Tales, etc.)▪ Inventory Records that Reconcile▪ Sales Receipts▪ Supporting Documents Identified by USDA

Here are more records that be useful documentation: scale tickets, purchase and sales receipts, closeout records and/or feed records or bills, health papers, vaccination or other health treatment records or receipts, shipping records, farrowing, calving or lambing records, breed association registered pedigrees.

See the following web site for more details: <http://www.ams.usda.gov/cool/records.htm>



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